# What can we do in different seasons?



# Ellie's star post 🤸

We can eat and drink different things.

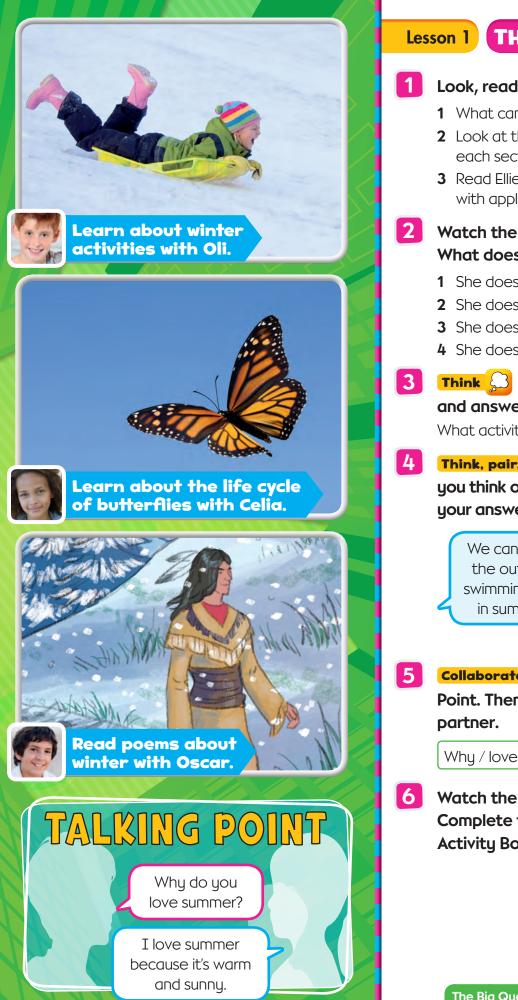
Hi! My name's Ellie and I'm twelve years old. Watch my video about autumn. You can see the red, orange and brown leaves on the trees in the forest near my house. My dad and I pick fruit and vegetables from our garden in autumn. You'll see us making apple pie with the apples we picked from our apple tree. We eat the pie with ice cream.

# Did you know?

Did you know that there are about 7,500 different kinds of apple in the world? That's a lot!







# THE BIG QUESTION

## Look, read and answer.

- 1 What can you see in the pictures?
- **2** Look at the posts. What do you think each section is about?
- 3 Read Ellie's star post. What does she eat with apple pie?

Watch the video. > What doesn't Ellie do?

- 1 She doesn't pick fruit.
- 2 She doesn't make apple pie.
- **3** She doesn't pick leaves from the ground.
- 4 She doesn't eat apple pie.

# Think about the Big Question and answer.

What activities do you do in winter?

Think, pair, share! What answers can you think of for the Big Question? List your answers on the Big Question poster.

> We can go to the outdoor swimming pool in summer.

In spring, we can see lots of flowers in the countryside.

Collaborate 🚻 Look at the Talking Point. Then ask and answer with your

Why / love / [...]?

Watch the video again. 🔈 Complete the activities in the Activity Book. AB Page 6



**Think** What fun things can people do outside in summer? Copy the table and write two more things for each heading.

Sports	Hobbies	Other activities
play football	collect shells	have a picnic

Listen and read about Nancy's summer activities. Find the five words in bold in the pictures. Do you do any of the activities which Nancy does? Nancy

What can we do in different seasons?

We can do fun things outside in summer.

### Nancy's blog

1

2

In summer, I spend a lot of time with my grandmother. We often **play mini golf** because it's her favourite activity. We sometimes **go hiking**, too. One year, we went to a farm and **picked strawberries**. I never **go mountain biking** in the summer. I don't really like bikes. My birthday is in the summer. All my friends come to my party and, sometimes, we **have a barbecue**.

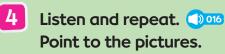
3

Listen to Nancy's grandmother. Copy the words and number them in the order you hear them.





(2)



- 5 Listen and repeat the dialogue. 🔿 🚥
- 6 Communicate D Make true and false statements about your summer holidays.





**Think** Read the table. Which *Wh*questions with *did* in the table are in Nancy and Tomas's chat?

Where	did	did he she	go?
Who			<b>go</b> with?
What			see? do?
I He She	went to the beach.		
	saw a train.		
	played mini golf.		

We use Where / Who / What + did + infinitive to ask detailed questions.

Choose the correct word and say the sentence.



- 1 Who / When did you go to the park with?
- 2 What / Where did he see?
- 3 He went / had with Kyle and Karina.
- 4 I saw / went to the cinema.
- 5 She played / went mini golf near the beach.

# **5 Communicate** Ask your partner about his / her summer holidays.





**12** Winter activities • Story

twelve





## **1 REMEMBER THE STORY** Match the parts of the sentences.

- 1 I think
- **2** I don't think

3 Then we'll

- **b** wait until it gets dark.
  - **c** we'll catch him.

a Time travel will help us.

- 4 I think Night vision
- 5 I think we'll
- d need some skis.e will be useful.

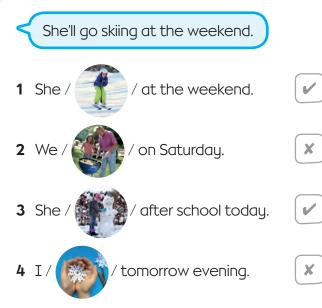
2 Read the table. Say something you *will do* and something you *won't do* this winter.

I He She We	'll won't	go skiing. go sledging. make a snowman. make soup. make a bird feeder. do crafts.
I think		<b>I'll</b> go skiing
I don't think		<b>we'll</b> win.

We use *will / won't* + infinitive to talk about future actions. We often use *I think* and *I don't think* with *will*.

### Make sentences.

3



**Collaborate** Talk to your class about their ideas for next weekend. Write down their answers.



Julia thinks she'll go shopping. She won't go to the cinema.



# **Think, pair, share!** Look at the pictures in activity 2. Which is the correct order of the stages?

- a caterpillar butterfly chyrsalis eggs
- **b** butterfly chyrsalis eggs caterpillars
- c eggs caterpillar chyrsalis butterfly
- d eggs butterfly caterpillar chyrsalis
- 2 Listen and read. 🗘 😳 🕰

# Bufferilies are amazing!

There are four different stages in a butterfly's life cycle. At each stage, the butterfly looks different. This special process is called *metamorphosis*. Metamorphosis means *changing shape*.

# Stage 1

First, the female butterfly lays some **eggs** on a leaf. They're very small.





Stage 2 Caterpillars hatch from the eggs. These caterpillars are long and thin. They eat lots of leaves and flowers, and they grow fast.

We can observe butterflies in spring.



# Stage 4

The chrysalis opens and the **butterfly** comes out into the world. It can't fly when it comes out but, soon, its wings start to move and it flies away. The new butterfly looks for its food in flowers. Females find males and the life cycle starts again.

# Stage 3

The caterpillar stops eating and growing. It makes a **chrysalis**. The caterpillar is safe inside the chrysalis. It is safe from other insects and bigger animals, as well as from the rain and wind. Inside the chrysalis, the caterpillar starts changing shape. It changes into a butterfly.

# 3 Read and answer.

- 1 Where do butterflies lay eggs?
- 2 What do caterpillars eat?
- 3 Do caterpillars grow slowly?
- 4 What happens inside the chrysalis?
- 5 What is this change called?
- 6 What do butterflies do when they come out of the chyrsalis?
- 4 Think, pair, share! What other animals have different stages and forms in their life cycle?
- 5

Learn how to compare the life cycles of two animals. AB Page 11

fifteen

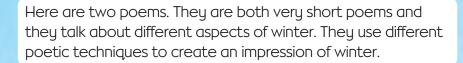




- **BEFORE YOU READ** Look at the pictures. What are the two poems about?
- 2 Think D Look at the titles of the two poems, and the pictures. What is the weather like?
  - Listen and read. 🗘 💷 Were you right?

What can we do in different seasons?

Winter is a time to sit by the fire.



The first poem uses an effective metaphor to talk about snow covering the ground. A metaphor uses unusual words to create a picture of something. The second poem is called a *haiku*. A *haiku* has got 17 syllables divided into three lines. This technique allows the poet to create a quick impression of a winter scene.

Oscar

#### Night falls on the prairie

The sun sleeps and the moon rises high, A million white feathers fall silently from the sky. Our Chief smiles, his face a golden light. Stories and dreams ground a fire at night.



#### Cold winter landscape

Cold winter landscape, Tiny footprints in the snow. A fox looks for food.

# **Our Values!**

Is writing poems a good way to show your feelings? Why (not)?

AFTER YOU READ Complete the activities. AB Page 12

Lesson 8 Culture: The Navajo Mountain Chant festival [AB Page 13]

sixteen

16

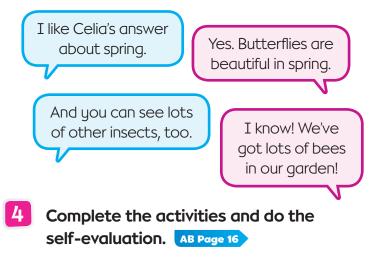


# Lesson 10 THE BIG QUESTION REVIEW

- 2 Watch and answer the questions on the video.



**Think, pair, share!** Look at the Big Question poster. How do your answers compare with the unit answers?







### Read. Say picture A or picture B.





- 1 There's a snowman in the garden.
- 2 They're having a barbecue.
- 3 The cat is sleeping.
- 4 There's a tree in the garden.
- **5** The children are eating.

# 2 Read and look at the pictures again. Say *True* or *False*.

- 1 The cat is small in picture A but it's bigger in picture B.
- 2 The children are making a snowman in picture A but they're skiing in picture B.
- 3 It's snowing in picture A but it's raining in picture B.
- 4 There are four birds in picture A but there aren't any birds in picture B.

# **3** Work with your partner. Talk about the differences between picture A and picture B.





# Exam tip!

Remember to look at all the details in the pictures before choosing your answers.

# Match the questions and answers.

A2 Flyers

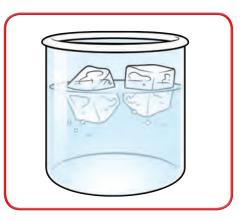


- 1 Where is the science lesson?
- 2 What day is the science lesson?
- 3 What time is the science lesson?
- 4 What is the experiment about?
- 5 What can you discover?

- A The experiment is about things which float.
- **B** The lesson is on Wednesday.
- **C** If you add salt to water, things float.
- **D** The lesson is in room 10A.
- **E** The lesson is at 10.30 am.

# 2 Student A: Look at the questions in activity 1. Ask your partner about a science lesson. Student B: Look at the information in the table below. Answer your partner's questions.

Where	Room 20B
Day	Thursday
Time	1.30 pm
What / about	freezing water
What / discover	If you cool water to zero degrees Celsius, it freezes.



Student B: Look at the questions in activity 1. Ask your partner about a science lesson. Student A: Look at the information in the table below. Answer your partner's questions.

Where	Room 15C
Day	Tuesday
Time	11.45 am
What / about	melting snow
What / discover	If it is above zero degrees Celsius, snow melts.



103

Speaking Part 2

one hundred and three



My name's John. 1

A2 Flyers

- 2 I'm from Ireland.
- 3 I live in Dublin. . . .
- 4 Yes. I've got one brother and one sister.
- 5 Their names are Paul and Jenny.
- 6 Yes. The school is on London Street, next to the park.



Put the words in the correct order and write the questions. 🚍 Then ask and answer.

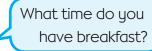
- 1 your / subject / favourite / what's /?
- 2 subject / your / what's / best /?
- **3** your / of / what's / form / transport / favourite / ?
- 4 food / what / you / like / don't / ?
- 5 music / kind / of / do / what / like / you /?
- 6 do / you / do / what / sports /?
- 7 do / what / doing / like / in / you / free / time / your /?
- 8 bicycle / got / have / a / you /?

#### 3 Talk about daily routines, and the places you live and go to school. Ask and answer. Use the tables.

What time do you

get up in the morning? have breakfast? start school? finish school? go to bed?

1 Can you think of any other questions beginning with 'What time do you ...'?



I usually have breakfast at half past seven.









the village / town / city where you live. Tell me about the place where you go to school. the places on your street.

2 Can you think of any other things to ask about beginning with 'Tell me about ...'?

Match the sentences and the pictures.



2

A2 Flyers









# Exam tip!

In activity 2, think about the order of events. Then make sentences using the words.

1 They have found a box in the cave.

- 2 Mary and Jim have had a picnic with their mum.
- **3** They have found some treasure.
- 4 There's a photo of Mary and Jim in the newspaper.
- 5 They have carried the box out of the cave.

### Use the words to describe picture E in activity 1.

box open treasure bracelet amazed

# 3 Read the first part of the story. Then use the pictures to continue the story. Work with a partner.

Vicky and Jack have made four sandwiches. They're putting them in the picnic box.













Listen. ()187 Choose picture A or B.



# 2 Read and look at the pictures again. Say *True* or *False*.

- 1 There are three chairs in picture A but there are two chairs in picture B.
- 2 The girl is doing her homework in picture A but she's finished her homework in picture B.
- 3 The boy is going to water the plants in picture A but he's going to start the dishwasher in picture B.
- 4 The man is washing up in picture A but he's sweeping the floor in picture B.
- 5 The woman is putting away the shopping in picture A but she's laying the table in picture B.

# **3** Work with your partner. Talk about the differences between picture A and picture B.

