## The present simple affirmative and negative: **be**

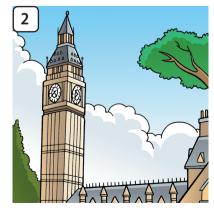


he ishe'she is nothe isn'tshe isshe'sshe is notshe isn'tit isit'sit is notit isn'twe arewe'rewe are notwe aren'tyou areyou'reyou are notyou aren't		you are he is she is it is we are you are	you <b>'re</b> he <b>'s</b> she <b>'s</b> it <b>'s</b> we <b>'re</b> you <b>'re</b>	you <b>a</b> he <b>is r</b> she <b>is</b> it <b>is n</b> o we <b>ar</b> you <b>a</b>	not re not not not ot e not re not	you <b>aren't</b> he <b>isn't</b> she <b>isn't</b> it <b>isn't</b>	
--	--	--	--	---	--	---	--

**1** Complete the sentences. Use short forms.



He<u>'s</u> from Australia.



It\_\_\_\_\_ from the UK.



They\_\_\_\_\_ from Egypt.



She\_\_\_\_\_ from the USA.



\_\_\_\_\_ seven.

I



You\_\_\_\_\_ from Egypt.





He\_\_\_\_\_ one.

9

We\_\_\_\_\_ from Brazil.

You\_\_\_\_\_eight.

- **2** Write negative sentences.
  - 1 Sally / from / the USA Sally isn't from the USA.
  - 2 you/ten
  - 3 I / from / Australia
  - 4 Mum and Dad / from / the UK
  - 5 we / from / Brazil
  - 6 Jack / five

#### The present simple questions and short answers: **be**



Questions Short answers Yes, I am. No T'm not Are you? Yes, Vec

Is he?	Yes, ł
Is she?	Yes, s
Is it?	Yes, i
Are we?	Yes, u
Are you?	Yes, v

Are they?

1C5, 1 <b>u</b> m.	NO, 1 III IIOL.
Yes, you <b>are</b> .	No, you <b>aren't</b> .
Yes, he <b>is</b> .	No, he <b>isn't</b> .
Yes, she <b>is</b> .	No, she <b>isn't</b> .
Yes, it <b>is</b> .	No, it <b>isn't</b> .
Yes, you <b>are</b> .	No, you <b>aren't</b> .
Yes, we <b>are</b> .	No, we <b>aren't</b> .
Yes, they <b>are</b> .	No, they <b>aren't</b> .



We often use question words such as where, when, why, what, who and which with be to find out information. We also use how old. The question word goes at the beginning of the sentence.

Where are you from? How old is she?

In questions, we can use short forms for the **he**, **she** or **it** form. We don't use short forms for the I, you, we or they forms.

Where's he from? He's from Egypt. They'**re** from Brazil. Where **are** they from?

#### **3** Where are these children from? Write.

1 <u>Is he</u>	_ from Russia?	Yes, he is.
2	from Egypt?	
3	from the USA?	
4	_ from Thailand?	

#### **4** Look at the table. Complete the sentences.

Name	Tony	Jenny and George	Miguel	Kanya	Rafa and Pedro	Youssef
Country	Australia	USA	Spain	Thailand	Brazil	Egypt

1	Tony <u>'s</u> from Australia.		He's	_from <u>Australia</u> .
2	Jenny and George	•		from
3		from Spain.		from
4	Kanya	•		from
5		from Brazil.		from
6	Youssef	•		from

**5** Look at the table in exercise 4. Complete the questions and answers.

1 <u>Are</u> Jenny and George from Australia? <u>No, they aren't.</u>

2 \_\_\_\_ Kanya from Thailand? \_\_\_\_\_

3 \_\_\_\_ Tony from the USA? \_\_\_\_\_

4 \_\_\_\_\_ Rafa and Pedro from Brazil? \_\_\_\_\_

5 \_\_\_\_\_ Miguel from Spain? \_\_\_\_\_

6 \_\_\_\_\_ Youssef from Thailand? \_\_\_\_\_

#### 6 Read and complete the email using the correct form of be.

Hi James		
How 1are_ you? I 2	your new penfriend	. My name <sup>3</sup> Gary.
l live in Canada but I 4	from Canada. I 🏮	from Scotland.
Where 🌀 you from?	l've only got your email	address. When 7
your birthday? What ଃ	your hobbies?	
Please write soon!		
Gary		

**1** Read the information. Complete the sentences.

Mr Taylor – 37

Carl – 11

1 Carl is <u>younger than</u> Mr Taylor.

2 Mr Taylor is <u>older than</u> Carl.

Bob and Tim – 9

Daisy – 8

- 3 Bob and Tim are \_\_\_\_\_ Daisy.
- 4 Daisy is \_\_\_\_\_ Bob and Tim.

Red car – 100 m in 9 seconds

Yellow car – 100 m in 10 seconds

- 5 The red car is \_\_\_\_\_\_ the yellow car.
- 6 The yellow car is \_\_\_\_\_\_ the red car.

## **2** Circle the correct past simple negative form of **be**.

- 1 Helen and Steffi **wasn't** / **weren't** happy.
- 2 We wasn't / weren't in the kitchen.
- 3 It wasn't / weren't cold yesterday.
- 4 Alex wasn't / weren't at the cinema.
- 5 Fred wasn't / weren't a policeman in the play.
- 6 They wasn't / weren't angry.

## **3** Complete the dialogue with the correct form of **be**. Use short forms where possible.

Tom: Hello. What <u>'s</u> (1) your name?

Rob: Hi. I \_\_\_\_\_ (2) Rob. Where \_\_\_\_\_ (3) you from? I don't think

you \_\_\_\_\_ (4) English.

- Tom: No, I \_\_\_\_\_ (5). I \_\_\_\_\_ (6) American.
- Rob: \_\_\_\_\_ (7) you here with your family?
- Tom: Yes. My cousins \_\_\_\_\_ (8) English.

Rob: \_\_\_\_\_ (9) they from London?

Tom: No, they \_\_\_\_\_ (10). They \_\_\_\_\_ (11) from Manchester. We \_\_\_\_\_ (12) here in London on holiday.

#### 4 Complete the sentences with like + -ing. Use the affirmative, negative or question form of a verb from the box.

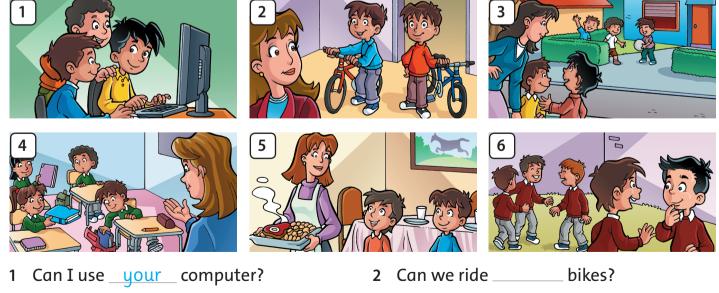
surf fly climb play read skateboard

- 1 My Dad <u>doesn't like surfing</u> the Internet. (not)
- 2 Jane and Jenny \_\_\_\_\_ comics.
- 3 Gary \_\_\_\_\_\_ trees.
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_\_ kites?
- 5 You \_\_\_\_\_\_ chess. (not)
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ you and Beth \_\_\_\_\_?

## **5** Permission or request? Write P or R.

- 1 Can you help me, please? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Can we go out to play? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 Can I borrow your new CD? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 Can you put the butter in the fridge?
- 5 Can we use the computer?
- 6 Can you take this letter to the post office?
- 7 Can I take a biscuit?
- 8 Can you stay for another five minutes?

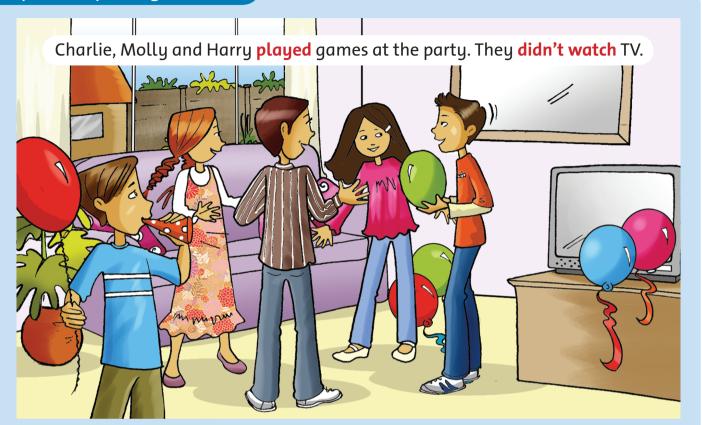
# **6** Complete the sentences using your, our, or their.



- Can we go to \_\_\_\_\_\_ house, please? 4 Can I have \_\_\_\_\_ homework, please? 3
- 5 Can he have dinner at \_\_\_\_\_ house? 6 Can we be \_\_\_\_\_ friends?

# 13 Party time

#### The past simple: regular verbs



Generally, we add **-ed** to the end of the base form to form the past simple of regular verbs.

Affirmative I waited you waited he waited she waited it waited we waited you waited they waited Negative I did not wait you did not wait he did not wait she did not wait it did not wait we did not wait you did not wait they did not wait

#### **Short forms**

I didn't wait you didn't wait he didn't wait she didn't wait it didn't wait we didn't wait you didn't wait they didn't wait

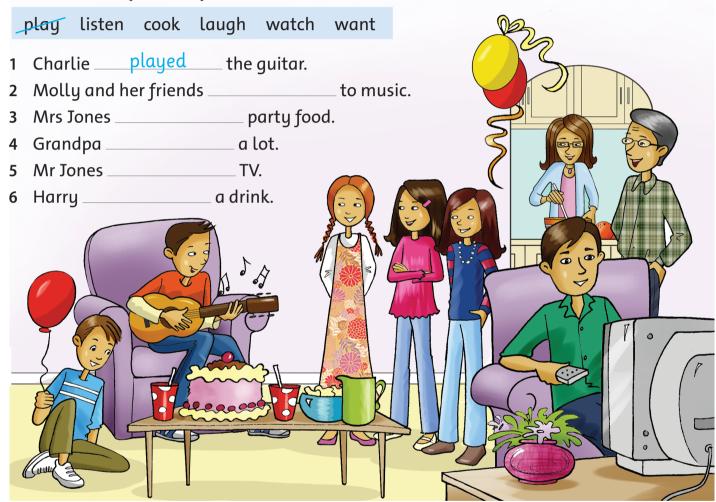
Look at this other rule:

Verb	Example	Add	Past simple
ends in -e	live	+ -d	live <b>d</b>

#### **1** Write the past simple affirmative of these verbs.

1	watch	watched	2	live	
3	love		4	cook	
5	start		5	laugh	
7	finish		6	listen	
9	hate		10	work	

2 Look at the picture. Complete these sentences about the party with a word from the box in the past simple.



#### **3** Make the sentences in exercise 2 negative.

1	<u>Charlie didn't play the guitar.</u>
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	

**4** Complete Charlie's diary, using the past simple affirmative and negative of the verbs in brackets.

Sunday 11th May Monday 12th May Harry and I (1) washed At school today, we (6) watched (watch) a film (wash) Dad's car. Well, about ancient Egypt. When (2) (start) to wash it, but Harry it (7) (finish), we (8) (listen) (3) \_\_\_\_\_ (not want) to our teacher. It was really to finish it, so we interesting! The ancient (4) \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) Egyptians (9) (live) a film, but we a long time ago. Everybody (5) \_\_\_\_\_ (not like) in the class (10) \_\_\_\_ it much. (work) very hard, and I (11) \_\_\_\_\_ (love) the lesson. After school, 1 (12) (play) tennis with my friends. At home, Мим (13) \_\_\_\_\_ (cook) my dinner. 1 (14)\_ (want) to stay up late but Mum said I had to go to bed early. (15) (hate) that!

#### **5** Write complete sentences using the past simple.

- 1 finish my dinner / I / last night 2 want / I / to get up / early
- 3 not / listen to music / Billy
- 5 Polly and Mum / cook lunch

- 4 the car / wash / we
- 6 Hassan / his teacher / helped



We use **ago** to talk about a specific time in the past. This can be a recent time or further back in history.

two minutes **ago** a month **ago** a few years **ago** many years **ago** a long time **ago** 



#### **6** Look at the information below. Write expressions using ago.

	Now	Then	
1	the year 2008	the year 2005	three years ago
2	the year 2000	the year 1990	
3	10.30 in the morning	9.30 in the morning	
4	June	February	
5	midnight	11.59 at night	

#### 7 Complete the sentences using the past simple and ago.

- 1 Charlie / start school / three years <u>Charlie started school three years ago.</u>
- 2 Henry / play tennis / two days
- 3 Steffi / finish her homework / two hours
- 4 Dad / listen to a CD / a few minutes
- 5 Kate / laugh at Kevin / a minute
- 6 Mum and Dad / watch a DVD / a week

# **Grammar reference**

# Unit 1 The present simple: **be**

I <b>am</b> you <b>are</b> he <b>is</b> she <b>is</b> it <b>is</b>	Short forms I'm you're he's she's it's	I <b>am not</b> you <b>are not</b> he <b>is not</b> she <b>is not</b> it <b>is not</b>	Short forms I'm not you aren't he isn't she isn't it isn't	Questions Am I? Are you? Is he? Is she? Is it?	Yes, he <b>is</b> . Yes, she <b>is</b> . Yes, it <b>is</b> .	No, I <b>'m not</b> . No, <b>you aren't</b> . No, <b>he isn't</b> . No, <b>she isn't</b> . No, <b>it isn't</b> .
it <b>is</b> we <b>are</b> you <b>are</b> they <b>are</b>	it's we're you're they're	it <b>is not</b> we <b>are not</b> you <b>are not</b> they <b>are not</b>	we <b>aren't</b> you <b>aren't</b>	Is it? Are we? Are you? Are they?	Yes, you <b>are</b> . Yes, we <b>are</b> .	No, i <b>t isn't</b> . No, <b>you aren't</b> . No, <b>we aren't</b> . No, <b>they aren't</b> .

# Unit 2 The present simple: like

Affirmative I like you like he likes she likes it likes we like uou like	Negative I don't like you don't like he doesn't like she doesn't like it doesn't like we don't like you don't like	Questions Do I like? Do you like? Does he like? Does she like? Does it like? Do we like? Do you like?	Short answers Yes, I do. Yes, you do. Yes, he does. Yes, she does. Yes, it does. Yes, we do. Yes, uou do.	No, I don't. No, you don't. No, he doesn't. No, she doesn't. No, it doesn't. No, we don't.
you <b>like</b>	you <b>don't like</b>	Do you like?	Yes, you do.	No, you don't.
they <b>like</b>	they <b>don't like</b>	Do they like?	Yes, they do.	No, they don't.

# Units 4 – 5

The present simple: have

Affirmative I have you have he has she has it has we have you have you have	Short forms I've you've he's she's it's we've you've they've	you o he do she do it doe we do you o	not have to not have bes not have bes not have bes not have to not have to not have do not have	Short forms I don't have you have he has she has it has we have you have you have
Questions Do I have? Do you have? Does he have? Does she have? Does it have? Do we have? Do you have? Do you have?		do. oes. does. es. do. do.	No, I <b>don't</b> . No, you <b>don't</b> No, he <b>doesn'</b> No, she <b>doesn</b> No, it <b>doesn't</b> No, we <b>don't</b> . No, you <b>don't</b> . No, they <b>don'</b>	t. ı't.

# Units 4 – 5 The present continuous

Affirmative	Short forms	9	Negative	Short forms
I am playing	I'm playing		I am not playing	I'm not playing
you are playing	you're playing		you are not playing	you aren't playing
he is playing	he's playing		he is not playing	he isn't playing
she is playing	she's playing		she is not playing	she isn't playing
it is playing	it's playing		it is not playing	it isn't playing
we are playing	we're playing		we are not playing	we aren't playing
you are playing	you're playing		you are not playing	you aren't playing
they are playing	they're playing		they are not playing	they aren't playing
Questions Am I playing? Are you playing? Is he playing? Is she playing? Is it playing? Are we playing? Are you playing? Are they playing?	Short answers Yes, I am. Yes, you are. Yes, he is. Yes, she is. Yes, it is. Yes, we are. Yes, you are. Yes, they are.	No, No, No, No, No, No,	I <b>'m not</b> . you <b>aren't</b> . he <b>isn't</b> . she <b>isn't</b> . it <b>isn't</b> . we <b>aren't</b> . you <b>aren't</b> . they <b>aren't</b> .	

# Unit 12 The past simple: **be**

### Unit 12 The past

### The past simple: had

Affirmative	Short forms	Negative	Short forms
I had	I'd	I did not have	I didn't have
you had	you'd	you did not have	you didn't have
he had	he'd	he did not have	you didn't have
she had	she'd	she did not have	she didn't have
it had	it'd	it did not have	it didn't have
we had	we'd	we did not have	we didn't have
you had	you'd	you did not have	you didn't have
they had	they'd	they did not have	they didn't have
Questions Did I have? Did you have Did he have? Did she have? Did it have? Did we have? Did you have Did they have?	Yes, he d Yes, she Yes, it did Yes, we d Yes, you	<ul> <li>No, I didn't.</li> <li>No, you didn</li> <li>No, he didn't</li> <li>No, he didn't</li> <li>No, she didn'</li> <li>No, it didn't.</li> <li>No, we didn't</li> <li>No, you didn</li> </ul>	t. t. <b>'t</b> .

## Unit 13 The past simple: regular verbs

Affirmative I waited you waited he waited she waited it waited we waited you waited they waited

#### Negative I did not wait you did not wait he did not wait she did not wait it did not wait we did not wait

you did not wait

they did not wait

Short forms I didn't wait you didn't wait he didn't wait she didn't wait it didn't wait we didn't wait you didn't wait they didn't wait

## Unit 14 The past simple: regular verbs

Questions	Short answers	
Did I learn?	Yes, I <b>did</b> .	No, I <b>didn't</b> .
Did you learn?	Yes, you <b>did</b> .	No, you <b>didn't</b> .
Did he learn?	Yes, ĥe <b>did</b> .	No, ĥe <b>didn't</b> .
Did she learn?	Yes, she <b>did</b> .	No, she <b>didn't</b> .
Did it learn?	Yes, it <b>did</b> .	No, it <b>didn't</b> .
Did we learn?	Yes, we <b>did</b> .	No, we <b>didn't</b> .
Did you learn?	Yes, you <b>did</b> .	No, you <b>didn't</b> .
Did they learn?	Yes, they <b>did</b> .	No, they <b>didn't</b> .